



黄冈学习网
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Talk about sports

一、单词风暴



Questions:

1. What can you think of when we talk about sports?

①player/athlete; ②competition; ③Olympics;

④medal; ⑤honor/glory; ⑥stadium/gym; ⑦sports spirit

2. How many events do you know in Olympics?

①running; ②shooting; ③swimming; ④judo;

⑤basketball; ⑥football/soccer; ⑦weight-lifting;

⑧wrestling; ⑨diving; ⑩gymnastics

二、灵犀一点



1. 英语中表示“参加”的表达

attend 参加、出席（较正式）

take part in 参加

join in 参加、加入

have a hand in 参与、参加

participate in 参加

be/get involved in 参加、被牵涉其中

如：**So many people have attended the meeting.**

Who has taken part in this activity?

Would you join in the party?

He had a hand in designing the plane.

Jim was involved in the crime.

2. represent与stand for



①stand for表示，代表：

¥ stands for “yen”¥代表日元

What does UFO stand for? It stands for Unidentified Flying Objects.

②represent（基本义为使用他物以表达或代表某物）

A. 表示，象征。The dove represents peace. 鸽子象征和平。

B. 代表/理 He represents our class.他代表我们班级。

都可作“代表”的意思，但有区别。represent多用来指实体代表；stand for多用在抽象物体代表，有时也可通用。



如: **We chose a committee to represent us.**

我们选出一个委员会来代表我们。

These stones represent armies.

那些石头代表部队。

The bald eagle represents the United States.

秃鹰象征了美国

U.N. stands for the United Nations.

三、语法沙龙



一般将来时的被动

(一)、一般将来时态的被动语态的基本结构的构成:

1. 一般将来时态的被动语态的肯定式为: 主语+**shall / will + be done**。(shall 用于第一人称, will用于各种人称) 如:

We shall / will be punished if we break the rule.

如果我们违反规定, 我们将要受到惩罚。

The new film will be shown next Thursday.

这部新电影将在下周四上映。

2. 一般将来时态的被动语态的否定式为：**主语+shall / will + not + be done.**（可缩写成shan't或won't）如：

The meeting won't be held tomorrow.

明天不再举行会议。

The exhibition won't be put off till next week.

展览会将不会推迟到下周。

3. 一般将来时态的被动语态的一般疑问句句式: **shall / will+主语+be done**。(回答用**yes**或**no**) 如:

Won't water be turned into ice, if it is below freezing temperature?

如果气温在冰点之下, 水难道不会变成冰吗?

---Will the work be finished at once? ---Yes, it will.

---这项工作会立刻被完成吗? ---是的, 立刻就完成。

4. 一般将来时态的被动语态的特殊疑问句为: 疑问词 + **shall / will + 主语 + be done**。如:

When will these books be published?

这些书将在什么时候被出版?



(二)、一般将来时态的被动语态的其他结构构成:

1. 主语+be going to +be done

Some old buildings are going to be put down.

一些旧的楼房将被推倒。

The problem isn't going to be discussed at the meeting tomorrow.

这个问题将不在明天的会议上被讨论。

---Are these trees going to be cut down?

---这些树将被砍倒吗?

---Yes, they are.

---是的, 将被砍倒

2. 主语+be to +be done

The meeting is to be held on April 10.

会议将于四月十日举行。

The machines are not to be repaired tonight.

今晚将不会修理这些机器。

---Are new textbooks to be published next week?

---新教科书将在下周出版吗？

---No, they aren't.

---不，不是。

(三)、一般将来时态的被动语态的用法:

1. 一般将来时态的被动语态的同它的主动语态一样, 强调表示根据计划或安排将要发生的被动性动作。

The new film will be shown next Thursday.

这部新电影将在下周四上映。

A lot of athletes will be invited to Beijing.

好多运动员将被邀请到北京来。

2. 在时间、条件状语从句中, 常用一般现在时的被动语态代替一般将来时的被动语态。如:

When the dam is completed, the Changjiang River will be controlled.

当大坝竣工时, 长江将得到控制。

If I am given enough time, I will go to Japan for my holiday.

如果我有足够的时间, 我将去日本度假。

3. 表示有固定性条件就有规律性被动结果，常用**shall / will be done**结构。如：

Heated to 100•c, water will be turned into steam.

加热到100度时，水将会变成蒸汽。

If you speak in class, you will be punished.

如果你在课堂上讲话，你将会被惩罚。

※注意:

1. 短语动词是一个不可分割的整体, 在变为被动语态时, 不可丢掉构成短语动词的介词或副词。

Eg. At last they put out the fire. 他们最后把火扑灭了。

At last the fire was put out. 火最后被扑灭了。

2. 带有复合宾语的句子在变为被动结构时, (宾语补足语相应变成主语补足语) 注意: 主动语态中, 若宾语补足语为不带to 的不定式, 在变为被动语态时必须带to。

e.g. Everybody called her Big Sister

She was called Big Sister by everybody

The engineer made the robot clean the room.

The robot was made to clean the room.

课后作业：



1. The mistakes in the exercises will _____ the teacher.
A. cross B. be crossing C. be crossed by D. cross by
2. The meeting _____ until next Monday.
A. will be held B. won't hold
C. will hold D. won't be held
3. New buildings and sports venues _____ for the Beijing Olympic Games.
A. will be built B. will build
C. is going to build D. was built
4. The 2018 World Cup _____ by Russia.
A. is hosted B. is going to host
C. will be hosted D. would be hosted



6. His new book ___ next month.

A. will be published

B. is publishing

C. is being published

D. has been published

7. The basketball match ___ at the People's Venue next Sunday.

A. is going to be shown

B. will shown

C. will show

D. is shown

8. Our teacher _____ carefully.

A. is listened

B. should be listened

C. be listened

D. should be listened to



9. Can you tell me by whom this lecture _____ this afternoon?

A. is given

B. will be given

C. will give

D. be given

10. The old temple in my hometown ____ next month.

A. is going to be rebuilt

B. will rebuilt

C. are going to be rebuilt

D. are going to rebuilt



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