



黄冈学习网
www.hgxxw.net

初中英语重点句式复习

初中英语核心句型100例



黄冈学习网
www.hgxxw.net

1. **welcome to sp.** → 欢迎到某地

e.g. **Welcome to China.**

2. **What's the matter with sb./ sth?**

What's wrong with sb./sth.? → 出什么毛病了?

e.g. **What's the matter with your watch?**

What's wrong with Mary?

3. **be different from** → 与.....不同

be the same as → 与.....相同

e.g. **The weather in Beijing is different from that of Nanjing.**

His trousers are the same as mine.

4. why don't you do sth? → 怎么不做某事呢?

=why not do sth.? → 怎么不做某事呢?



黄冈学习网
www.hgxxw.net

How/ what about doing sth.? → 做某事怎么样?

e.g. Why don't you play football with us?

Why not play football with us?

How about going fishing?

5. What...mean by...? → 做.....是什么意思?

e.g. What do you mean by doing that?

6. want to do sth.=feel like doing sth.

=would like to do sth. → 想做某事

e.g. I feel like eating bananas.

Would you like to go rowing with me?

I'd like you to stay with me tonight.

7. make sb. do sth.→逼使某人做某事

=let sb. do sth.→让某人做某事

=have sb. do sth.→使某人做某事

e.g. His brother often makes him stay in the sun.

Let me sing a song for you.

You shouldn't have the students work so hard.

8. be far from sp.→离某地远

be near to sp.→离某地近

e.g. His school is far from his home.

The hospital is near to the post office.

9. be good at sth./doing sth.=do well in sth. → 擅长某事/做某事

e.g. We are good at English.

They do well in boating.

10. It takes sb. some time to do sth. → 某人花多少时间做某事

e.g. It took me more than a year to learn to draw a beautiful horse in five minutes.

11. sb. spends some time/money (in)doing sth. → 某人花多少时间做某事

sb. spends some time/money on sth.

→ 某事花了某人多少时间/金钱

e.g. I spent twenty years in writing the novel.

Jim spent 1000 yuan on the bike.



12. sth. costs sb. some money. → 某物花了某人多少钱
sb. pays some money for sth. → 某人为某物付了多少钱

e.g. The bike cost Jim 1000 yuan.

Jim paid 1000 yuan for the bike.

13. thank sb. for sth./doing sth. → 感谢某人做某事

e.g. Thank you for your help.

Thank you for helping me.

14. S + be + the + 最高级 + of/in + 短语

= S + be + 比较级 + than any other + n.

e.g. Lucy is the tallest in her class.

Lucy is taller than any other student in her class.

15. have to do sth.→不得不做某事

had better do sth.→最好做某事

e.g. I have to go home now.

You'd better study hard at English.

You'd better not stay up.

16. help sb.(to) do sth.→帮助某人做某事

help sb. with sth.→帮助某人做某事

e.g. Lucy often helps Lily (to)wash her clothes.

I sometimes help my mother with the housework.

17. have nothing to do (with sb) →与某人没有关系

e.g. That has nothing to do with me.



18. 主语+ don't think/believe/suppose/guess + 从句 → 认为.....不.....

e.g. I don't think it will rain tomorrow.

They don't believe we will refuse.

19. It's + adj.+ for sb. to do sth. → 做某事对某人来说怎么样

It's + adj.+ of sb. to do sth. → 做某事某人是一怎么样

e.g. It is lucky for you to go to London.

It is important for us to learn English well.

It's kind of you to help me with my lesson.

It's nice of you to offer us help.



20. How + *adj./ adv.* + 主+ 谓! →多么……啊!

What + a/an + *adj.* + *n.* + 主+ 谓!

What + *adj.* + pl./[u] + 主+ 谓!

e.g. How beautiful the flower is!

How excited they are!

What an beautiful flower it is!

What active students they are!

What bad weather it is today!

21. find it + *adj.* + to do sth. →发现做某事如何

e.g. I find it hard to speak English well!

The lady found it easy to get water there.



22. How do you like sth? → 你认为.....怎么样?

= What do you think of sth.? → 你认为.....怎么样?

e.g. How do you like Beijing?

What do you think of Beijing?

23. finish doing sth. → 完成作某事

enjoy doing sth. → 喜欢做某事

e.g. I finished cleaning my car just now.

They all enjoy living and working in China.

24. What / when / where / who / something / anything / nothing else → 别的什么/何时/何地/谁.....

e.g. What else do you want to buy?

Where else have you gone?

Who else have you played with?

I have nothing else to tell you.

Would you like something else?

25. watch/see/hear sb. do sth. → 观看/看见/听见某人做某事

watch/see/hear sb. doing sth. → 观看/看见/听见某人在做某事

e.g. I saw you pick an apple just now.

I saw you playing basketball with your classmates on the playground last Sunday.



26. be busy doing sth. → 忙于做某事

e.g. They are busy planting trees on the hill.

27. prefer A/doing A to B/doing B → 比起B（做B这件事），更喜欢B(做B这件事)

would rather do A than do B 比起做B这件事，更喜欢做B这件事

e.g. Lucy prefers English to French.

I prefer staying at home to going to the cinema.

She would rather stay at home than go out with Mark.

28. be worth doing 值得做什么

e.g. The movie is worth seeing.

The cake is worth waiting.

29. be used to do sth. 被用来做某事

be used to doing sth. 习惯于做某事

used to do sth. 过去常常做某事

e.g. Bamboo is used to make baskets.

He is used to getting up early.

My mother used to work as a teacher.

30. The +形容词比较级....., (主句)the +形容词比较级+.....

e.g. The sooner you do it, the better it will be.

越早越好。

The earlier you get up, the more time you will have.

31. **too + adj. / adv. + to do** 太.....而不能做某事
adj. / adv. + enough to do 足够.....可以做某事

e.g. **The boy is too young to go to school.**

这孩子太小不能上学。

The girl is old enough to go to school.

这女孩到了上学的年龄。

32. **neither...nor...** 既不.....也不.....

either...or... 要么.....要么.....; 或者.....或者.....

e.g. **They like neither beef nor mutton.**

Either you or your sister should clean the room.

课后作业：



1. What's the matter _____ your watch?
2. The weather in Beijing is different _____ that of Nanjing.
3. His trousers are the same _____ mine.
4. What do you mean _____ doing that?
5. We all do well _____ swimming.
6. I spent twenty years _____ writing the novel.
7. Jim spent 1000 yuan _____ the bike.
8. Jim paid 1000 yuan _____ the bike.
9. Thank you _____ helping me.
10. That has nothing to do _____ me.



11. It is lucky _____ you to go to London.
12. _____ beautiful the flower is!
13. _____ an beautiful flower it is!
14. _____ bad weather it is today!
15. I find it hard _____ me to speak English well!
16. How do you _____ Beijing?
17. They are busy _____ their work now.
18. Lucy prefers English _____ French.
19. It's very nice _____ you to help me _____ my math.
20. You'd better _____ (study) hard at English.



黄冈学习网
www.hgxxw.net